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APPLICATION NO.	FIL	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/604,853	/604,853 08/21/2003		Randall A. Addington	1081003	1852
24253	7590	04/20/2005		EXAM	INER
JOEL I ROS		ГТ	PIERCE, W	ILLIAM M	
445 11TH AVENUE INDIALANTIC, FL 32903				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•			3711	

DATE MAILED: 04/20/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		©.
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/604,853	ADDINGTON ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	William M Pierce	3711
The MAILING DATE of this communication	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address
Period for Reply	3	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the m earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DN. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a . I reply within the statutory minimum of thir riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become Al	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on (ℓ 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) X T 3) Since this application is in condition for allocation of the closed in accordance with the practice under	Γhis action is non-final. wance except for formal mat	•
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) (-32) is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) [-33] is/are allowed. 7) Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	drawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to t Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cord 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) objected to the drawing(s) be held in abeyare rection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the p application from the International Burn * See the attached detailed Office action for a least	ents have been received. ents have been received in A priority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage
Attachmont(c)		

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _

4) [Interview Summary (PTO-413	3)
	Paper No(s)/Mail Date.	

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

6)	Other:
0,1	Oulei.

Attachment(s)

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 2, 3, 15 and 20-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claims 2, 3, 15 and 20-33 claims the combination of a counter force or a frictional force. In Diamond v. Chakrabarty, 447 U.S. 303, 206 USPQ 193 (1980), held that "the laws of nature, physical phenomena, and abstract ideas have been held not patentable." Frictional and inertia forces being claimed in combination here are considered to be laws of nature and physical phenomena and not patentable.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 2, 3, 15 and 20-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The metes and bounds of claims 2 and 3 are unclear in that it claims a force that is created during an intended use of a bowling ball. One cannot determine the metes and bounds for the claim since its scope will change depending upon how a bowling ball is delivered. For example, Calentines device would produce "counter forces at an angle" when being used due to the lift and rotation of the wrist during the delivery of a bowling ball. However, the same structure may or may not generate such forces when the ball is merely being held at rest by a bowler prior to rolling the ball or when throwing a ball straight on at the pins without producing any spin on the ball. Claims 17, 27 and 29 contain a typo in "bowler="

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

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(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-4, 6-16, 18, 19 and 21-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Calentine.

As to claims 1 and 8-16, 18 and 19, Pg. 17 of applicant's specification states that the finger pad, such as 10 shown by Calentine, can be mounted by way of a glove as is shown by Calentine's 44. 14 is the second means for mounting and 70 and 18 are the first and second means for co-acting. As to claims 2 and 3 Calentine inherently produces the frictional and inertial forces experiences between a bowling ball and a bowlers fingers while bowling. As to claim 4, at 50 of the extension is considered to be a means for limiting the depth of insertion. Applicant's specification limit the scope of such a means to a raised surface as that which is shown at 50. As to claims 6 and 7, 24 is a hemisphere protrusion and 70 is the groove indentation that is hemisphere in cross-section. Claims 21-33 are interpreted as set forth above with respect to the preceding claims. The "forces" acting in the delivery of a bowling ball that interact between a finger, an insert and the bowling ball are inherent in Calentine.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5, 17, 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Calentine.

While Calentine fails to show covering of the finger tip. Finger tip gloves and gloves without finger tip are well known depending upon the users desired amounts of protection. In bowing full finger inserts are known as shown by Pugh. To have included a means for covering the finger tip of Calentine would have been obvious in order to afford protection to the finger tip during bowling. As to claim 20 increasing the number of interacting inserts 28 and slots 70 of Calentine would have been an obvious matter of duplication of parts. In re Harza, 274 F.2d 669, 124 USPQ 378 (CCPA 1960).

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Bernhardt, Stott, Kramer, Saunders, Graskewicz and Marinese show finger protectors.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication and its merits should be directed to William Pierce at E-mail address bill.pierce@USPTO.gov or at telephone number (571) 272-4414.

For **official fax** communications to be officially entered in the application the fax number is (703) 872-9306.

For informal fax communications the fax number is (703) 308-7769.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the **status** of this application or proceeding can also be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1148.

Any inquiry concerning the **drawings** should be directed to the Drafting Division whose telephone number is (703) 305-8335.

